The Smart Marketer's Guide to Machine Learning
Welcome to the second machine age.

For decades, the rise of machines — and what that means for humans — has been a hot topic.

Future predictions range from apocalyptic (robots will destroy the human race!) to utopian (robots will make everything about our lives better). But intelligent machines have already become an integral part of our lives, quietly inserting themselves into our daily routines. We talk to them in our homes (Alexa, what’s today’s forecast?), they tell us what movies we might like (thanks, Netflix), and pretty soon they’ll be driving us to and fro (see you soon, Waymo).

Far from titanium skeletons with menacing red eyes, or human replicas with wires and microchips just below the surface, these machines are invisible and yet all around us — in our smart devices, powering our Google searches, and helping us to do and achieve more than ever before.

One of the most important developments that’s driving the artificial intelligence (AI) boom is machine learning. Machine learning has applications far and wide, like enabling the highly personalized marketing that’s possible today. Yet many haven’t heard of it, or don’t understand it, or even fear it.

As Marie Curie once said, “Nothing in life is to be feared, it is only to be understood.”

Let’s demystify machine learning and find out how it’s impacting today’s world, including commerce marketing.
Machine learning (ML) is a form of artificial intelligence (AI) that enables computers to learn without explicit programming. Instead of telling a computer everything it needs to know to complete a task, ML can enable a computer to essentially "figure it out for itself", using data to learn. The more data a computer is fed, the more it learns and the smarter it gets, improving its accuracy and ability to complete tasks over time.

Google Brain, Google’s artificial intelligence research project, was one of the first to successfully use ML to identify an object — specifically an image of a cat. The research team built a neural network of 16,000 computer processors and showed it 10 million random images from YouTube as a training exercise. They then showed it 20,000 different items and found that, without being told what a cat is, the network began correctly identifying all the cat images. The important point here is that the data was unlabeled. There were no images labeled “cat”, no programs explaining what a cat looks like. The system honed in on cats without ever being told to do so.

Machine learning is exciting because it makes it possible to analyze huge amounts of data and take action with a speed and precision that humans simply can’t match. Like setting bids or making trades in milliseconds...or looking at 10 million pictures and identifying which ones are cats.
What's the difference between AI and ML?
AI (Artificial Intelligence)

Artificial / intelligence

The capability of a machine to imitate intelligent human behavior. AI is often broken into two groups: applied and general.

Applied AI

(sometimes referred to as Vertical AI or Narrow AI)

“Smart” systems that address a specific need, like trading stocks, or personalizing ads.

General AI

(also known as Strong AI or Full AI)

Systems or devices which can handle any task that a human being can. These are more akin to the droids depicted in sci-fi movies, and the subject of most of our conjectures about the future.

Machine Learning is a subset of AI

ML is powering much of the development in the AI field, including things like image recognition and Natural Language Processing.

Deep Learning

Deep Learning is a subset of ML and is largely responsible for the ML and AI advances we’ve seen over the last few years. It’s also responsible for growth in augmented reality and virtual reality technologies because of its impact on image and speech recognition.

Deep Learning is the cutting-edge technology that’s inspired by the structure of the human brain and uses artificial neural networks to process data similar to the way neurons do in our brains. It involves feeding massive amounts of data through the neural network to “train” the system to accurately classify the data. Today’s supercomputers and the rise of Big Data have helped make Deep Learning a reality.

A note about AR and VR

Augmented reality (AR) and virtual reality (VR) have been making a big splash in the marketing world for a few years now. These formats are more challenging to execute well, but can have a huge impact due to their more visceral, emotional nature. As far as immersive brand experiences go, nothing beats being able feel the content as if it were yours already. From trying on digital diamonds, to wandering around your potential new kitchen, look for AR and VR marketing tactics to grow even more in the future.
How’s machine learning being used today?

Machine learning has been making advances in a variety of industries. Here are five of the most important uses of ML today...
Medical Diagnosis

ML systems are being used to review medical images and look for tumors, and make diagnoses from the pathology reports.¹ One study showed that a computer found 52% of the cancers as much as a year before the patients were officially diagnosed.²
Natural Language Processing (NLP)

ML systems are getting better and better at understanding human language and responding in kind. Some applications of NLP include machine translation, speech recognition, and sentiment analysis.
Online Search

Search engines use machine learning to improve their search results, constantly learning from shoppers’ behavior to deliver a better experience each time they search.

What exactly is machine learning?

What’s the difference between AI and ML?

How’s machine learning being used today?

What’s data got to do with it?

Man v. machine: battle of the brains

What does the future hold?
Smart Cars

These cars use ML not only to drive themselves, but to also learn about their owner’s preferences and automatically adjust settings based on their likes and dislikes.
Marketing Personalization

Machine learning helps retailers analyze huge data sets about their shoppers and deliver personalized communications for each individual based on their behaviors, purchases, and preferences. As more is learned about each shopper, the system gets better at predicting the right products, the right ads, and the right bids.
What's data got to do with it?

In the machine learning world, data is everything.
Just as a human baby learns from the world around it, an ML system learns from the data it receives. The more it gets, the more it learns. In recent years, great strides have only been possible because of new technologies and a vast amount of data collection, enabling scientists to scale up in a way that wasn’t feasible before.

Successful ML requires mountains of data to "train" the system.

Here’s what it took for Google Brain to identify a cat:

- 16,000 Computer processors
- 1 Billion Connections (nodes) in the artificial neural network
- 10 Million YouTube videos
- 3 Days of "training"

And that’s still not even close to what the human brain has to work with:

- ~86 Billion Neurons
- ~100 Trillion Synapses
Let’s look at the importance of data using a marketing personalization example.

There are typically seven creative ad elements that can be personalized: images, taglines, name, formatting, color, copy, and call to action.

There are multiple devices that ads must be formatted for (desktop, mobile, and tablet), thousands of publishers and ad exchanges, and more than a billion shoppers, each with their own preferences.

All together, that results in trillions of possible ad variations. *

No human could possibly handle that level of personalization. But machine learning can. ML systems can analyze all the data we have on shoppers, combine that with specific device requirements, publisher formats and brand guidelines, and create a totally customized ad for an individual shopper in milliseconds.
Man v. Machine: 
Battle of the Brains

Much has been made of the superiority of artificial intelligence. It’s faster, error-free, and unbiased. But do machines really do everything better than humans?
Can machines be creative?

The arts

The short answer: No. Machines simply don’t have the imagination and most importantly, the emotions that inspire truly transcendent masterpieces. Google’s Project Magenta is trying to solve this problem, but the AI-created music and art are light years from what humans can create. The songs are simplistic and without feeling. The pictures are interesting, but lack a sense of purpose and so, fail to move the viewer. Empathy and unpredictability are part of what allows the human brain to ebb and flow with creativity, producing results that may be technically "imperfect" but far from superior.

Will machines make us obsolete?

Non-creative work

Naturally, as machines have advanced and automation has accelerated, some humans are worried about what that means for their occupations.

Fear Not.

It is likely that machines will take over many routine or analytical jobs. Professions that require precision, exactitude, and unfailing attention to detail are natural fits. But as above, when it comes to bringing passion and intuitive “hunch” ideas, machines will continue to play a supporting role.

This was confirmed in the Criteo-sponsored IDC white paper, “Can Machines be Creative? How Technology is Transforming Marketing Personalization and Relevance”:

Machine learning will play a larger and more pivotal role in advertising by augmenting human creativity and by providing marketing relevance through personalization at a scale that humans cannot achieve alone.
The future will be less about losing jobs and more about redefining them.

And if some predictions are right (and we’re all paid the Universal Basic income that some Silicon Valley execs are calling for), AI will free up more time for us to think big and be creative. And the payoff can be huge.

Smart marketers will win the game...

Machine learning also removes tedious data preparation and analysis work to free up creative staff to work on creative ideas, fueled by a flow of relevant, real-time behavioral data. Creative staff will continue to provide the ‘base’ creative content, using machines to deliver relevant personalized communications at scale. *

...by letting machines come in for the assist.

Creative staff will still create the source content assets, and machine learning technologies will combine the creative variables into a compelling mix within an advertisement frame to maximize relevancy and encourage customer engagement. *

* "Can Machines Be Creative? How Technology is Transforming Marketing Personalization and Relevance" by IDC, sponsored by Criteo, July ’17.
## Machines, Man...or Together?

Find out which brain wins when it comes to handling certain jobs.

### Machines

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<tr>
<th>role</th>
<th>description</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Driver</strong></td>
<td>Machine-driven cars are proving to be safer. In 2016, Google’s self-driving cars logged 636,000 miles and only required 124 human interventions, and a 2016 Virginia Tech Transportation Institute study reported that the crash rate for self-driving cars was lower.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cashiers / Sales Associates</strong></td>
<td>Repetitive, predictable jobs are more at risk. In 2016, a cell phone store in Tokyo was staffed entirely with robots, and the CEO of Taco Bell’s parent company said machines could replace human workers in ten years.</td>
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### Man

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<tr>
<td><strong>Therapist</strong></td>
<td>The emotion and relationship building required for this job are outside of AI’s scope currently. Empathy is required to develop trust between therapist and patient, and this is something AI simply can’t do today.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Writer, artist, musician</strong></td>
<td>Creative jobs are safe...for now. Google’s Project Magenta is working on using AI to create art and music, but more in a supporting role.</td>
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### Together

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<tr>
<td><strong>Doctor</strong></td>
<td>ML is proving to be very good at analyzing patient data and providing routine diagnoses. Humans are still needed to treat emergencies, provide complex diagnoses, and do a long list of other tasks that robots can’t yet.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Commerce Marketer</strong></td>
<td>ML refines personalized advertising creative content delivered over time, but it all starts with concepts and designs from us.</td>
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5. [Source](https://www.technologyreview.com/2016/06/06/557740/robotic-retailers-from-japan-to-south-korea/)
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What does the future hold?

Everyone has their thoughts on how AI powered by machine learning will impact our future.
We have the opportunity in the decades ahead to make major strides in addressing the grand challenges of humanity. AI will be the pivotal technology in achieving this progress.

Ray Kurzweil
Author, Inventor, Futurist

What I see is an AI first world. And for every customer ... to be able to get a whole another [sic] generation of productivity out of artificial intelligence, machine learning and deep learning.

Marc Benioff
CEO, Salesforce

If AI can help us as a society to not only save the environment, cure disease and explore the universe, but also better understand ourselves — well, that may prove one of the greatest discoveries of them all.

Demis Hassabis
Co-Founder & CEO, DeepMind
There’s no question that ML and AI will continue to grow and play an ever-larger role in our lives. But how much and how soon remains to be seen.

Here’s a possible timeline of what’s to come thanks to ML:

**Happening soon**
- Your morning commute, navigated by a robot. Safer, driverless cars mean less stress (no more fighting for a parking spot!).
- Your retirement plan, mapped out by a robot. The smartest investments, customized just for you.
- Your lunch salad, tossed by a robot. Finally, the perfect amount of dressing, every single time.
- Your Sunday football game, refereed by a robot. More accurate penalties and foul calls for the win.

**Coming eventually**
- Your house, cleaned by Rosie the Robot. Hello, floors that sparkle!
- Your vitals, checked by a virtual doctor. Looking good, Smiles Davis.
- Scientific research, conducted by bots. Who knows what discoveries lie in the mountains of data that have been compiled over the years?
- Space and the deep ocean, explored by bots. Finally, we can unlock the secrets of the last of the uncharted territories.

**Happening someday...maybe**
- Your body, cured from the inside by nanobots. Fewer surgeries and invasive treatments makes for happier, healthier patients.
- Climate change, solved by AI. Perhaps we won’t have to move to the moon, after all.
- Humans and robots merge into superhuman cyborgs. Will this be better...or worse? You decide.
There’s a lot of uncertainty around ML and AI, but if history has taught us anything, it’s that humans are exceptionally good at adapting.

Machine learning should not be seen as a threat, but rather as an opportunity to create positive change. For marketers, the union of machine learning’s efficiency with man’s creativity is helping to create better brand experiences for shoppers at scale. Doctors can use ML to provide better care for their patients, scientists can use it to make new discoveries, communities can use it to solve problems—and that’s only scratching the surface.

TLDR: It’s gonna be OK. Maybe even better than before.
Congratulations! You’ve mastered the basics of machine learning.

Ready for more?

In Criteo’s Resource Center you’ll find other great educational materials like:

- The Smart Marketer’s Guide to Omnichannel
- The Smart Marketer’s Guide to Retargeting

*“Can Machines Be Creative? How Technology is Transforming Marketing Personalization and Relevance” by IDC, sponsored by Criteo, July ’17.

1 https://www.nytimes.com/2016/12/14/magazine/the-great-ai-awakening.html
5 https://www.wired.com/2017/08/robots-will-not-take-your-job

About Criteo

Criteo (NASDAQ: CRTO), the leader in commerce marketing, is building the highest performing and open commerce marketing ecosystem to drive profits and sales for retailers and brands. More than 2,700 Criteo team members partner with 17,000 customers and thousands of publishers across the globe to deliver performance at scale by connecting shoppers to the things they need and love. Designed for commerce, Criteo’s Commerce Marketing Ecosystem sees over $550 billion in annual commerce sales data.

For more information, please visit www.criteo.com